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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/673,376	09/30/2003	John A. Hughes	240720US6YA	4362
22850 7590 10/14/2008 OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET			EXAMINER	
			ARANCIBIA, MAUREEN GRAMAGLIA	
ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		1792		
		NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			10/14/2008	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/673,376	HUGHES ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
Maureen G. Arancibia	1792		

Ma	ureen G. Arancibia	1792	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears	on the cover sheet with the	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED <u>29 September 2008</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS AI			
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the application, applicant must timely file one of the following repli application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR periods:	same day as filing a Notice of es: (1) an amendment, affidav with appeal fee) in compliance	Appeal. To avoid abar it, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request
 a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date of the binomial of the period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisor no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later the Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). Of MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f). 	ory Action, or (2) the date set forth han SIX MONTHS from the mailin	g date of the final rejection	n.
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on whave been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shorteset forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	on and the corresponding amount ened statutory period for reply orig	of the fee. The appropria inally set in the final Office	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliant filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within AMENDMENTS 	n thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but p (a) They raise new issues that would require further conside (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below); (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better for appeal; and/or	eration and/or search (see NO	TE below);	
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding NOTE: See Continuation Sheet. (See 37 CFR 1.116 a	nd 41.33(a)).		
4. ☐ The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. § 5. ☐ Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):	<u></u> .	,	ŕ
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowated non-allowable claim(s).			
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 1.3.11.18.20.22 and 40-43. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: 2.4-10.12-17.19.21 and answer are consideration.	d below or appended.	ii be entered and an e.	кріапаціоп ог
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE			
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but be because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sui was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 			
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notent entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcommon a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and	ome <u>all</u> rejections under appe	al and/or appellant fails	s to provide a
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER		•	
 11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but do See Continuation Sheet. 12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTG) 		n condition for allowan	ce because:
13.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
/Maureen G. Arancibia/ Examiner, Art Unit 1792	/Parviz Hassanzadeh/ SPE, AU 1792		

Continuation of 3. NOTE: The proposed amendment to Claims 1 and 18 would raise new issues by changing the scope of the claims, and would require further search and/or consideration.

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant's arguments filed 29 September 2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Specifically, in regards to Applicant's arguments against the teachings of Hasegawa, these arguments are not persuasive. At the outset, it is noted that while Hasegawa was previously overcome as an anticipatory reference, the teachings of Hasegawa are now applied in combination with Kumar et al., and still render obvious the claimed invention. Specifically, Applicant's argument that Hasegawa teaches away from providing a single focus ring, this argument is not persuasive. Examiner recognizes that Hasegawa teaches certain advantages in providing separate focus rings, as described in the passage cited by Applicant. However, Hasegawa additionally teaches embodiments comprising only a single focus ring, for example the embodiment of Figure 8. Thus Hasegawa cannot be considered to teach away from providing only a single focus ring around the substrate. Additionally, the test for obviousness is not whether the features of a secondary reference may be bodily incorporated into the structure of the primary reference; nor is it that the claimed invention must be expressly suggested in any one or all of the references. Rather, the test is what the combined teachings of the references would have suggested to those of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981). In the instant case, Examiner maintains that one of ordinary skill in the art, taking the combined teachings of Kumar and Hasegawa into consideration, would have found it obvious, with a reasonable expectation of success in obtaining the predictable result of releasing the active component of Kumar by erosion of the passive component of Kumar, to replace one OR both of the focus rings 104, 106 taught by Hasegawa with the ring comprising an active material embedded in a passive material as taught by Kumar.

Applicant's remaining arguments rely on the proposed amendment to the claims, which has not been entered.